### IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

#### CASE MANAGEMENT TRACK DESIGNATION FORM

Telephone		FAX	FAX Number		E-Mail Address					
215-665-0100		215-665-1393		fmusitief@fineandstaud.com						
Date		Attorney-at-law			Attorney for	Attorney for				
4-24-18		Feeda l	R. Musitief,	Esquire	Kenneth Grimes					
(f) Standard Ma	nagement -	— Cases that	do not fall into	any one of t	the other tracks.	X				
commonly r	eferred to a lee reverse	is complex a		ecial or inter	ough (d) that are use management by ion of special	( )				
(d) Asbestos – (exposure to		ving claims	for personal inj	ury or prope	rty damage from	( )				
(c) Arbitration – Cases required to be designated for arbitration under Local Civil Rule 53.2.										
(b) Social Security – Cases requesting review of a decision of the Secretary of Health and Human Services denying plaintiff Social Security Benefits. (										
(a) Habeas Corpus – Cases brought under 28 U.S.C. § 2241 through § 2255.										
SELECT ONE	OF THE F	OLLOWIN	NG CASE MAN	NAGEMEN'	T TRACKS:					
plaintiff shall co filing the compla side of this form designation, that	mplete a Caint and serven.) In the defendant all other parts	ase Manage ve a copy on event that a shall, with i arties, a Cas	ment Track Des all defendants. I defendant doe its first appeara e Management	signation For (See § 1:03 c s not agree nce, submit t Track Design	n Plan of this court, counsim in all civil cases at the tire of the plan set forth on the rewith the plaintiff regarding to the clerk of court and sernation Form specifying the	me of verse said ve on				
City of Philad	elphia, e	et al.	:		NO.					
	v.		•							
Kenneth Grimes			:		CIVIL ACTION					

(Civ. 660) 10/02

JS 44 (Rev. 06/17)

#### **CIVIL COVER SHEET**

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS				DEFENDANTS						
Kenneth Grimes				City of Philadelphia						
(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff  (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)				County of Residence of First Listed Defendant Philadelphia  (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)						
Philadelphia				NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.						
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number) Fine and Staud				Attorneys (If Known)						
1333 Race										
	ia, Pa. 19107	na Pov Oulul	III. CI	  TIZENSHIP OF P	RINCIPA	L PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff			
4				(For Diversity Cases Only)			and One Box for Defendant)			
☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	3 Federal Question (U.S. Government N	ederal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)		en of This State	TF DEF	Incorporated or Pr of Business In T				
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenshi)	p of Parties in Item III)	Citiz	en of Another State	2 🗖 2	Incorporated and of Business In	Another State			
				en or Subject of a  oreign Country	3 🗆 3	Foreign Nation	□ 6 □ 6			
IV. NATURE OF SUIT	(Place an "X" in One Box On	ly)					of Suit Code Descriptions.			
CONTRACT		RTS		ORFEITURE/PENALTY		KRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES			
☐ 110 Insurance ☐ 120 Marine ☐ 130 Miller Act ☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument	PERSONAL INJURY  310 Airplane  315 Airplane Product Liability	PERSONAL INJURY  365 Personal Injury - Product Liability  367 Health Care/	of Property 21 USC 881 690 Other		☐ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 ☐ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157		☐ 375 False Claims Act ☐ 376 Qui Tam (31 USC 3729(a)) ☐ 400 State Reapportionment			
☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment	☐ 320 Assault, Libel &	Pharmaceutical			PROPEI	RTY RIGHTS	☐ 410 Antitrust☐ 430 Banks and Banking			
& Enforcement of Judgment  151 Medicare Act	☐ 330 Federal Employers'	Personal Injury Product Liability			☐ 830 Pater	nt	☐ 450 Commerce			
☐ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans	Liability  ☐ 340 Marine	☐ 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product				nt - Abbreviated Drug Application	☐ 460 Deportation ☐ 470 Racketeer Influenced and			
(Excludes Veterans)	☐ 345 Marine Product	Liability PERSONAL PROPER	TV	LABOR	☐ 840 Trad	emark SECURITY	Corrupt Organizations  480 Consumer Credit			
153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits	Liability ☐ 350 Motor Vehicle	☐ 370 Other Fraud		10 Fair Labor Standards	□ 861 HIA	(1395ff)	☐ 490 Cable/Sat TV			
<ul> <li>☐ 160 Stockholders' Suits</li> <li>☐ 190 Other Contract</li> </ul>	☐ 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability	☐ 371 Truth in Lending ☐ 380 Other Personal	O 72	Act 20 Labor/Management	☐ 862 Black	k Lung (923) C/DIWW (405(g))	☐ 850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange			
195 Contract Product Liability	☐ 360 Other Personal	Property Damage ☐ 385 Property Damage	100	Relations 40 Railway Labor Act	☐ 864 SSID ☐ 865 RSI		☐ 890 Other Statutory Actions ☐ 891 Agricultural Acts			
☐ 196 Franchise	Injury  ☐ 362 Personal Injury -	Product Liability		51 Family and Medical	D 603 K31	(403(B))	☐ 893 Environmental Matters			
REAL PROPERTY	Medical Malpractice  CIVIL RIGHTS	PRISONER PETITION	IS 0 7	Leave Act 90 Other Labor Litigation	FEDER	AL TAX SUITS	☐ 895 Freedom of Information  Act			
☐ 210 Land Condemnation ☐ 220 Foreclosure ☐ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment	440 Other Civil Rights  441 Voting  442 Employment	Habeas Corpus:  463 Alien Detainee  510 Motions to Vacate	O 79	91 Employee Retirement Income Security Act	☐ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) ☐ 871 IRS—Third Party		☐ 896 Arbitration ☐ 899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of			
240 Torts to Land	☐ 443 Housing/ Accommodations	Sentence  530 General				JSC 7609	Agency Decision  950 Constitutionality of			
<ul><li>245 Tort Product Liability</li><li>290 All Other Real Property</li></ul>	☐ 445 Amer. w/Disabilities -	☐ 535 Death Penalty	7.4	IMMIGRATION	1		State Statutes			
	Employment  446 Amer. w/Disabilities -			62 Naturalization Application 65 Other Immigration						
	Other  448 Education	☐ 550 Civil Rights ☐ 555 Prison Condition		Actions						
		☐ 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of								
		Confinement								
	moved from 🏻 3	Remanded from Appellate Court	J 4 Reii Reo	nstated or	erred from er District	☐ 6 Multidist	n - Litigation -			
	Cita the U.S. Civil Sta	itute under which you ar	e filing /	(specify) Do not cite jurisdictional stat		Transfer	Direct File			
VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	ON		o ming (	Do not ene jurisurenomut stut	nics niicss w					
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION	Brief description of ca	nuse:		10						
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS UNDER RULE 2	IS A CLASS ACTION 3, F.R.Cv.P.	χı	DEMAND \$		CHECK YES only	y if demanded in complaint:			
VIII. RELATED CAS				187 000 00	<i>-</i>		1			
IF ANY	(See instructions):	JUDGE			DOCKI	ET NUMBER _				
DATE		SIGNATURE OF ATT	TORNEY	OF RECORD						
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY		X								
DECEIDT#	MOLINIT	ADDI VING IED		ILIDGE		MAG III	DGE			

#### Case 2:18-cv-01715-NIQA Document 1 Filed 04/24/18 Page 3 of 15

#### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA — DESIGNATION FORM to be used by counsel to indicate the category of the case for the purpose of assignment to appropriate calendar. 1720 S. 6th Street, Philadelphia, pa. 19142 Address of Plaintiff: 1515 Arch Street, 13th Floor, Philadelphia, Pa. 19102 Address of Defendant: 1720 South 60th Street, Philadelphia, pa. 19142 Place of Accident, Incident or Transaction: (Use Reverse Side For Additional Space) Does this civil action involve a nongovernmental corporate party with any parent corporation and any publicly held corporation owning 10% or more of its stock? Yes□ No (Attach two copies of the Disclosure Statement Form in accordance with Fed.R.Civ.P. 7.1(a)) Does this case involve multidistrict litigation possibilities? Yes□ RELATED CASE, IF ANY: Date Terminated: Case Number: Judge Civil cases are deemed related when yes is answered to any of the following questions: 1. Is this case related to property included in an earlier numbered suit pending or within one year previously terminated action in this court? 2. Does this case involve the same issue of fact or grow out of the same transaction as a prior suit pending or within one year previously terminated Yes□ 3. Does this case involve the validity or infringement of a patent already in suit or any earlier numbered case pending or within one year previously terminated action in this court? 4. Is this case a second or successive habeas corpus, social security appeal, or pro se civil rights case filed by the same individual? NoX CIVIL: (Place / in ONE CATEGORY ONLY) A. Federal Question Cases: B. Diversity Jurisdiction Cases: 1. 

Indemnity Contract, Marine Contract, and All Other Contracts 1. 

Insurance Contract and Other Contracts 2. D FELA 2. 

Airplane Personal Injury 3. 

Jones Act-Personal Injury 3. □ Assault, Defamation 4. □ Antitrust 4. □ Marine Personal Injury 5. □ Patent 5. □ Motor Vehicle Personal Injury 6. □ Other Personal Injury (Please specify) □ Labor-Management Relations Civil Rights 7. D Products Liability 8. 

Habeas Corpus 8. 

Products Liability — Asbestos 9. □ Securities Act(s) Cases 9. □ All other Diversity Cases 10. □ Social Security Review Cases (Please specify) 11. □ All other Federal Ouestion Cases (Please specify) ARBITRATION CERTIFICATION (Check Appropriate Category) , counsel of record do hereby certify: Pursuant to Local Civil Rule 53.2, Section 3(c)(2), that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the damages recoverable in this civil action case exceed the sum of \$150,000.00 exclusive of interest and costs; □ Relief other than monetary damages is sought. DATE: 4-24-18 202768 Feeda R. Musitief, Esquire NOTE: A trial de novo will be a trial by jury only if there has been compliance with F.R.C.P. 38. I certify that, to my knowledge, the within case is not related to any case now pending or within one year previously terminated action in this court except as noted above.

CIV. 609 (5/2012)

## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

KENNETH GRIMES 1720 S. 60th Street Philadelphia, PA 19142 Plaintiff, v. CITY OF PHILADELPHIA 1515 Arch Street, 13th Floor Philadelphia, PA 19102 & NO.: POLICE OFFICER THEODORE MANKO JR Badge # 0961 1515 Arch Street, 13th Floor Philadelphia, PA 19102 & JURY TRIAL DEMANDED POLICE OFFICER GERARD BRENNAN Badge # 6408 1515 Arch Street, 13th Floor Philadelphia, PA 19102 & POLICE OFFICER GERALD MCLAUGHLIN JR Badge # 3467 1515 Arch Street, 13th Floor Philadelphia, PA 19102 & POLICE OFFICER MARY KUCHINSKY Badge # 0904 1515 Arch Street, 13th Floor Philadelphia, PA 19102 & POLICE OFFICER ANDREW MONROE Badge # 3399 1515 Arch Street, 13th Floor Philadelphia, PA 19102 & POLICE OFFICER KALIV IVY Badge # 1692 1515 Arch Street, 13th Floor Philadelphia, PA 19102 & JOHN DOES (1 through 10) 1515 Arch Street, 13th Floor Philadelphia, PA 19102

Defendants.

#### COMPLAINT

#### I. INTRODUCTION

This lawsuit seeks relief for the wrongful, unlawful and unconstitutional arrest, search, confinement, prosecution, and abuse of process against an African American male, Plaintiff, Kenneth Grimes. In the early hours of May 10, 2014 Plaintiff Grimes was arrested behind his residence. Officers claimed the Plaintiff had fresh dirt on his clothing and was breathing heavily. Plaintiff Grimes's residence was then searched, and he was charged with at least nineteen separate misdemeanor and felony charges for a carjacking that had occurred hours prior and a few streets away. Plaintiff Grimes was incarcerated, then held under house arrest and required to wear a monitoring device until July 31, 2017, when all charges were dismissed. The arrest, search, confinement, and prosecution of Plaintiff Grimes has/have caused him significant harm and difficulties.

#### II. PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff, Kenneth Grimes, is an adult African American male individual and a resident of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, City of Philadelphia, and resides at 1720 South 60<sup>th</sup> Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
- 2. Defendant, City of Philadelphia, is a home rule municipality, meaning it is authorized by Pennsylvania's general assembly to exercise all powers and authority of local self-government and has complete powers of legislation and administration in relation to its municipal functions. Defendant, City of Philadelphia, maintains a police force, which acts under the direction, decisions, and customs of its policy makers.
- 3. Police Officer Theodore Manko Jr., Badge #0961, is an adult individual believed to be an employee and police officer for Defendant City of Philadelphia and, at all times relevant, was involved in the acts, conduct, decisions, and circumstances leading to this litigation.
  - 4. Police Officer Gerard Brennan., Badge #6408, is an adult individual believed to be an

employee and police officer for Defendant City of Philadelphia and, at all times relevant, was involved in the acts, conduct, decisions, and circumstances leading to this litigation.

- 5. Police Officer Gerald McLaughlin Jr., Badge #3467, is an adult individual believed to be an employee and police officer for Defendant City of Philadelphia and, at all times relevant, was involved in the acts, conduct, decisions, and circumstances leading to this litigation.
- 6. Police Officer Mary Kuchinsky, Badge #0904, is an adult individual believed to be an employee and police officer for Defendant City of Philadelphia and, at all times relevant, was involved in the acts, conduct, decisions, and circumstances leading to this litigation.
- 7. Police Officer Andrew Monroe, Badge #3399, is an adult individual believed to be an employee and police officer for Defendant City of Philadelphia and, at all times relevant, was involved in the acts, conduct, decisions, and circumstances leading to this litigation.
- 8. Police Officer Kaliv Ivy, Badge #3399, is an adult individual believed to be an employee and police officer for Defendant City of Philadelphia and, at all times relevant, was involved in the acts, conduct, decisions, and circumstances leading to this litigation.
- 9. John Does (1 through 10), is/are an adult individual, and/or up to ten adult individuals, all believed to be employee(s) and police officers for Defendant City of Philadelphia—and/or working on Defendant City of Philadelphia's behalf—and, at all times relevant, was/were involved in the acts, conduct, decisions, and circumstances leading to this litigation.
- 10. Defendants Theodore Manko, Jr., Gerard Brennan, Gerald McLaughlin, Jr., Mary Kuchinsky, Andrew Monroe, Kaliv Ivy, John Does (1 through 10), and City of Philadelphia shall hereinafter be referred to collectively as Defendants.
- 11. At all times relevant, Defendants acted under policy, decision, custom, and/or acquiescence of all other named Defendants and thus all parties are/were bound by the actions of the other with regard to the facts and circumstances set forth hereafter.

#### III. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 12. This Court has jurisdiction over the Plaintiff's claims pursuant to Federal Question jurisdiction.
- 13. Venue is proper in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania pursuant to 28 U.S.C. Section 1391(a) in that Defendants are subject to venue in the Eastern District and all events giving rise to this action occurred in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

#### IV. OPERATIVE FACTS

- 14. Plaintiff Grimes resides at 1720 South 60th Street, Philadelphia, PA, which is an end unit row home, or close to, and the residence is located one block from Cobbs Creek Park.
- 15. An alleyway runs behind Plaintiff Grimes residence and this alleyway is enclosed in all directions except for the Southwest end where the alley meets the street, furthest from Plaintiff's home.
- 16. In the early hours after midnight May 10, 2014, Defendants arrested Plaintiff Grimes in the alleyway directly behind, or close thereto, his residence.
  - 17. The officers claim Plaintiff Grimes had "fresh dirt" on his clothes and breathing heavily.
- 18. Defendants reports state that evening two individuals were observed near a vehicle that had been reported stolen, and these individuals were chased into Cobbs Creek park.
- 19. Plaintiff Grimes residence is between the location where these individuals were allegedly seen and the park.
- 20. Moreover, Plaintiff Grimes disputes that he had anything to do with the carjacking and/or being observed near the vehicle or having been chased by police.
  - 21. Plaintiff disputes that he had fresh dirt on his clothing, or that he was breathing heavily.
  - 22. Plaintiff was searched and taken into custody and held overnight in jail.

- 23. In the late morning of May 10, 2014, Defendants searched Plaintiff Grime's residence and alleged seized contraband, much of which had nothing to do with an alleged carjacking.
  - 24. The carjacking was reported by Sean Lyons and Naim Brown.
- 25. Neither Mr. Lyons nor Mr. Brown ever identified Plaintiff Grimes as the perpetrator, including during reviews of photographs, during a lineup, and during preliminary hearings.
- 26. Nevertheless, Defendants arrested Plaintiff Grimes and charged him with at least nineteen (19) different misdemeanors and felonies. *See* CP-51-CR-0004032-2015.
- 27. Plaintiff Grimes was incarcerated, placed on house arrest, and required to wear a monitoring device.
  - 28. His matter was delayed years.
- 29. On July 31, 2017, on the eve of trial, the Honorable Mia R. Perez *nolle prossed* all charges against Plaintiff Grimes, and thus all criminal charges were dismissed.
- 30. It is alleged and therefore believed, Defendants arrest, search, confinement, and prosecution of Plaintiff Grimes was wrongful, and done with wrongful and discriminatory intent.
- 31. It is alleged and believed, that Plaintiff Grimes was discriminated against with respect to the foregoing because he is an African American male.
- 32. It is alleged and believed, Defendants lacked the requisite reasonable suspicion and/or probable cause to have arrested Plaintiff, performed a search, imprisoned, confined, and prosecuted Plaintiff Grimes.
- 33. It is alleged and believed that with wrongful and discriminatory intent, Defendants continued with his/her/their foregoing conduct against Plaintiff Grimes for reasons other than justice.
  - 34. Defendants acted unreasonable and without justification.
- 35. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants conduct, Plaintiff Grimes suffered incarceration, harm, humiliation, damage, injury, and other related injuries and harms.

- 36. All Defendants were acting in his or her individual and/or official capacity.
- 37. All actions were taken under the personal direction of Defendants and/or alternatively, the Defendants had actual knowledge and acquiescence in the activity.
- 38. All of the foregoing conduct attributed to Defendants reasonably, foreseeably, knowingly, and causally resulted in the offenses to Plaintiff and his injuries and harms as set forth herein.

## COUNT ONE UNLAWFUL SEIZURE (FALSE ARREST) 42 U.S.C. §1983 PLAINTIFF v. ALL DEFENDANTS

- 39. Plaintiff incorporates the foregoing paragraphs as though set forth at length herein.
- 40. Defendants violated Plaintiff's constitutional rights by arresting, confining, detaining, and jailing Plaintiff without probable cause or privilege to do so.
- 41. Defendants further violated Plaintiff's constitutional rights by arresting, confining, detaining, and jailing Plaintiff without probably cause, because he is an African American male.
- 42. Defendants made false and malicious statements about Plaintiff's breathing and dirt on his clothing to support the wrongful arrest, search, and seizure of Plaintiff.
- 43. Upon information and belief, Defendants actions were the direct and proximate result of Defendants having encouraged, tolerated, ratified and been deliberately indifferent to the following patterns, practices and customs, for which the foregoing incident was knowingly foreseeable, and to the need for more or different training, review, supervision, investigation or discipline in the areas of:
  - a. Inadequate and under training and supervision;
  - b. The use of false and malicious statements to secure arrests and search warrants;
  - c. The failure to identify and take remedial or disciplinary action against officers who were the subject of prior internal complaints or misconduct;
  - d. The inadequate hiring, retention, and lack of screening of officers, which showed

- deliberate indifference to the foreseeable and obvious consequence of these actions;
- e. The failure to establish or remedy insufficient policies, procedures, directives, training, and/or instruction; and,
- f. Failing to take other action, evincing a deliberate indifference to the safety of Plaintiff when the foregoing incident was reasonably foreseeable.
- 44. As a direct and proximate result of the action and conduct of Defendants, Plaintiff sustained emotional distress, psychological harm, fear, apprehension, anxiety, pain, suffering, embarrassment, humiliation, economic loss and damages, and loss of liberty; all to his great detriment.
  - 45. Defendants do not have a qualified immunity for his/her/their actions.
  - 46. Defendants did not have a warrant for Plaintiff Grimes's arrest or search.
- 47. Defendants were not chasing Plaintiff Grimes and despite claims of heavy breathing, there was no exigency and Plaintiffs were aware of these facts when they claimed them and secured the arrest. Moreover, the individuals identified near the purportedly stolen vehicle and allegedly chased were not necessarily committing any unlawful act. As such, Defendants do not have a qualified immunity.
- 48. Defendants' actions and conduct were executed pursuant to policy statement, ordinance, regulation, decision that was formerly adopted or promulgated, and/or pursuant to custom.
- 49. Defendants failed to properly sanction or discipline employees, who were aware of, conceal, and/or aid violations of Constitutional rights of citizens by other Defendant employees, thereby causing and encouraging Defendant employees, including the Defendants in this case, to violate the rights of citizens such as Plaintiff.
- 50. Defendants have, by the above-described actions, deprived Plaintiff of rights secured by the Federal and State Constitutions, in violation of 42 U.S.C. § 1983.
  - 51. Defendants contrived evidence about Plaintiff to support their wrongful motives.

- 52. Similarly situated non-African Americans have been treated more favorably by Defendants than Plaintiff.
- 53. The actions of Defendants, as described herein, subjected Plaintiff to a false arrest in violation of his rights protected by the Fourth Amendment in that Defendants did not have probable cause or reasonable suspicion to believe that Plaintiff had committed the above-mentioned crimes.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, Kenneth Grimes, requests the following relief from Defendants:

- a. Compensatory damages;
- b. Punitive damages;
- c. Reasonable attorney's fees and costs;
- d. Such other and further relief as appears reasonable and just; and
- e. A jury trial as to each Defendant and as to each count.

# COUNT TWO UNLAWFUL SEARCH (TRESPASSING) 42 U.S.C. §1983 PLAINTIFF v. ALL DEFENDANTS

- 54. Plaintiff incorporates all of the proceeding paragraphs of this Complaint as though set forth fully at length herein.
- 55. At all material times, Defendants searched Plaintiff's person and home without exigency, probable cause, and/or reasonable suspicion.
- 56. At all times, Defendants did not have reasonable suspicion or probable cause to perform any of the searches of Plaintiff's home.
- 57. Defendants made false and malicious statements to obtain a warrant to search Plaintiff's residence.
  - 58. Defendants search of Plaintiff's residence went beyond the scope of the search warrant.
  - 59. The timing of having obtained the search warrant was such that Defendants intentionally

disregarded information such as the fact the victims, Mr. Lyons and Mr. Brown, did not identify Plaintiff Grimes, and the inadequate amount of evidence supporting Plaintiff Grimes's arrest, to obtain the warrant and search.

- 60. The actions of Defendants, as described herein, violated Plaintiff's right to privacy in his person and within his home, as protected by the Fourth Amendment to the United Constitution.
  - 61. The actions of Defendants, as described herein, were the result of discrimination.
  - 62. Defendants took some of Plaintiffs personal items in further violation of rights.

    WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, Kenneth Grimes, requests the following relief from Defendants:
    - a. Compensatory damages;
    - b. Punitive damages;
    - c. Reasonable attorney's fees and costs;
    - d. Such other and further relief as appears reasonable and just; and
    - e. A jury trial as to each Defendant and as to each count.

# COUNT THREE MALICIOUS USE OF CIVIL PROCESS (Initiation) & ABUSE OF PROCESS (Continuation) PLAINTIFF v. ALL DEFENDANTS

- 63. Plaintiff incorporates the foregoing paragraphs as though set forth at length herein.
- 64. The actions of Defendants, as described herein, subjected Plaintiff to a malicious prosecution and abuse of process in violation of his rights, including those protected by the Fourth Amendment, in that Defendants lacked probable cause to initiate the litigation and then continued the litigation when Defendants knew it had no case but were instead seeking other ends than justice.
- 65. Defendants initiated the criminal prosecution against Plaintiff and the criminal prosecution ended in Plaintiff's favor.
  - 66. The Defendants acted maliciously and for purposes other than bringing Plaintiff to

justice in initiating the litigation and keeping the litigation going.

- 67. Plaintiff suffered deprivation of liberty as a result of the initiation and continuation of the prosecution as well as other harms as set forth above
  - 68. Defendants prosecution and abuse of process were the direct result of discrimination.
- 69. Defendants continued with the prosecution of Plaintiff Grimes even after knowledge that the prosecution was unsupported by probable cause, and that Defendants' eyewitnesses would not swear to having observed Plaintiff Grimes being present or committing any crime(s).
- 70. Defendants continued with the prosecution of Plaintiff Grimes even knowing that the search of his residence was entirely unconstitutional and based on contrived evidence and loaded charges against him in hopes that he would plea to a crime to avoid the weight of the potential jail time.
- 71. Defendants continued to keep Plaintiff Grimes under confinement and monitoring for purposes other than bringing him to justice in the underlying criminal action.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, Kenneth Grimes, requests the following relief from Defendants:

- a. Compensatory damages;
- b. Punitive damages;
- c. Reasonable attorney's fees and costs;
- d. Such other and further relief as appears reasonable and just; and
- e. A jury trial as to each Defendant and as to each count.

## COUNT FOUR FALSE IMPRISONMENT PLAINTIFF v. ALL DEFENDANTS

- 72. Plaintiff incorporates the foregoing paragraphs as though set forth at length herein.
- 73. Defendants wrongful seizure, arrest, and prosecution of Plaintiff resulted in wrongful

imprisonment, confinement, and detainment, when Defendants lacked probable cause and/or privilege to do so.

- 74. Defendants continued to imprison, confine, and detain Plaintiff when Defendants knew they did not have probable cause and/or privilege to do so.
- 75. Defendants do not have a qualified immunity and the detention and continued confinement of Plaintiff was not for a reasonable or minimal amount of time.
- 76. Defendants' actions were, at all times, intentional, willful, wanton, and with reckless or callous indifference to Plaintiff's federally and state protected rights and/or were motivated by evil motive or intent, and therefore justify the imposition of punitive damages.
- 77. The actions of Defendants, as described herein, subjected Plaintiff to a false imprisonment in violation of his rights protected by the Fourth Amendment in that Defendants did not have probable cause or reasonable suspicion to believe that Plaintiff had committed the abovementioned crimes.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, Kenneth Grimes, requests the following relief from Defendants:

- a. Compensatory damages;
- b. Punitive damages;
- c. Reasonable attorney's fees and costs;
- d. Such other and further relief as appears reasonable and just; and
- e. A jury trial as to each Defendant and as to each count.

#### Case 2:18-cv-01715-NIQA Document 1 Filed 04/24/18 Page 15 of 15

FINE AND STAUD, LLC,

By:

FEEDA R. MUSITIEF, ESQUIRE Attorney Identification No. 202768 Attorney for Plaintiff FINE AND STAUD, LLC 1333 Race Street Philadelphia, PA 19107 (215) 665-0100 fmusitief@fineandstaud.com

Date: 4-23-18